

Introduction to Computational Fluid Dynamics in High Performance Computing



Exercise

Running Ateles-Harvesting for test case: flow around square geometry





Workflow

- Connect to cluster ssh training
- Reminder: your workspace should be accessible via \$MYWS, you can check on it with ws_list
- Go into your hpcfdx4 directory (we created it yesterday) cd \$MYWS/hpcfdx4
- Use the batch script to proceed with the visualization visualize.job





Workflow (details on what visualize.job does)

- Change into the simulation directory, for example: cd n40_m0.3_a45/
- Check the restart directory (should contain several *.lsb and *.lua files)
 ls -l restart
- Copy config file into current folder cp ../harvest_series.template ../series.config .
- harvest_series.py requires python > 2.7
- Run Ateles-Harvesting to generate vtk files (may take minutes) python3 \$KURS/bin/harvest_series.py -c series.config
- Repeat the above steps for other simulations
- When waiting, you can first open paraview, Next slide will show that procedure.





Run paraview @HLRS

- Harvest_series scripts writes output into the directory vis
- Open a new terminal <Ctrl>+<Shift>+t
- Copy your data on your local machine to open them in paraview
- Start paraview on your local machine paraview &



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WHAT RESULTS YOU SHOULD YOU GET?





Example

- Flow around a square obstacle
- Mach Numbers;
 Ma = 0.3, 0.8 1.0, 1.3, 3.0
- Angles of attack: 0°, 30°, 45°





Ma 0.3@ 0°

- Pressure profile at considerably low Mach number
- High pressure zones evenly spread out







Ma 0.3@ -30°

- Pressure profile at considerably low Mach number
- A shift in the high pressure zones







Ma 0.3@ -45°

- Pressure profile at considerably low Mach number
- A shift in the high pressure zones







Ma 0.8@ 0°

- Emergence of pressure wave with an increased Mach number
- Concentrated low pressure zones near obstacle







Ma 0.8@ -30°

- Emergence of pressure wave with an increased Mach number
- Rotated pressure profile







Ma 0.8@ -45°

- Emergence of pressure wave with an increased Mach number
- Rotated pressure profile







Ma 1.0@ 0°

- The high and low pressure zones become focused
- The pressure wave reflects from the boundaries







Ma 1.0@ -30°

- The high and low pressure zones become focused
- The pressure wave reflects from the boundaries







Ma 1.0@ -45°

- The high and low pressure zones become focused
- The pressure wave reflects from the boundaries







Ma 3.0@ 0°

- Very highly focused *beam*
- Intense reflection from boundaries
- Discontinuities develop as shocks around obstacle







Ma 3.0@ -30°

- Very highly focused *beam*
- Intense reflection from boundaries
- Discontinuities develop as shocks around obstacle







Ma 3.0@ -45°

- Very highly focused *beam*
- Intense reflection from boundaries
- Discontinuities develop as shocks around obstacle

